

IDIOMS AND PHRASAL VERBS

Rewarded with extra points at matura extended level





Unia Europejska

SCHOOL & **EDUCATION**



EDUCATION IDIOMS ABOUT PEOPLE

A TEACHER'S PET a student who is clearly the favourite of the teacher and often

receives special treatment.

A BOOKWORM a person who loves to read

A CLASS CLOWN is a disruptive student who often makes jokes instead of paying

attention and doing their work

A KISS UP / A SUCK UP (VULGAR!) a person who flatters someone often in an attempt to obtain special favors or treatment

A CRAMMER / A SWOT a student who studies a lot, usually by memorising facts and rules

A DROPOUT a student who left the college before graduation / gave up studying

IDIOMS ABOUT TESTS GRADES AND EVALUATION

TO PASS WITH FLYING COLORS

to easily accomplish something we often use this

expression to talk about tests or exams

TO SAIL THROUGH

to easily succeed

TO ACE

(to ace a test) to get an A or a very high grade

A CHEAT SHEET

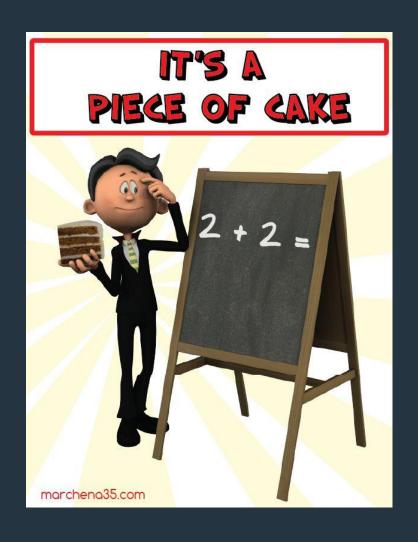
a piece of paper with answers written on it

TO BOME

(to bomb a test) to get a terrible grade on a test

IDIOMS ABOUT TESTS GRADES AND EVALUATION

- A PIECE OF CAKE
- A CINCH
- A WAI K IN THE PARK
- BREEZE
- we use all these idioms to communicate
- that something is very easy



IDIOMS ABOUT CLASS

- TO PLAY HOOKY
- is an informal expression which means to miss school or work without having a good reason (to play truant)
- THE CUT / SKIP / DITCH CLASS
- to intentionally miss class usually in favor of doing something else

IDIOMS ABOUT STUDYING AND LEARNING

TO HIT THE BOOKS

to study

TO PULL AN ALL-NIGHTER

to stay up all night studying or working

TO CATCH ON

to understand something after initially not being able to comprehend it



IDIOMS OUT STARTING AND LEARNING

LEARN BY HEART

to learn by heart means to completely memorize something

TO CRAM

to study a lot right before a test also we have a person crammer

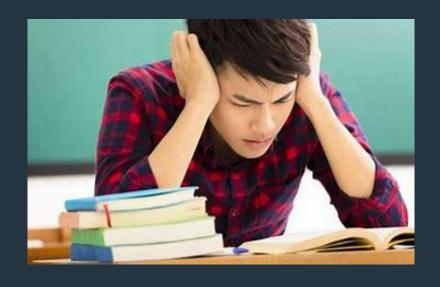


to study or work late at night

TO BURN THE CANDLE AT BOTH ENDS

to go to bed late and wake up early





OTHER EDUCATION IDIOMS

TO DROP OUT

to leave school and no longer pursue a degree or diploma

TO FLUNK / FAIL OUT

to be expelled from school because of low grades or poor performance

TO PUT ONESELF THROUGH SCHOOL

to pay one's own tuition

TO CALL ON / TO GO ON SOMEONE

to ask a student to answer a question

TO KISS UP TO SOMEONE

to flatter someone often in an attempt to obtain special favors or treatment



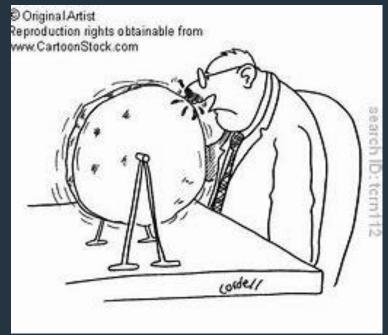
OTHER EDUCATION IDIOMS

TO PUT ONE'S NOSE TO THE GRINDSTONE

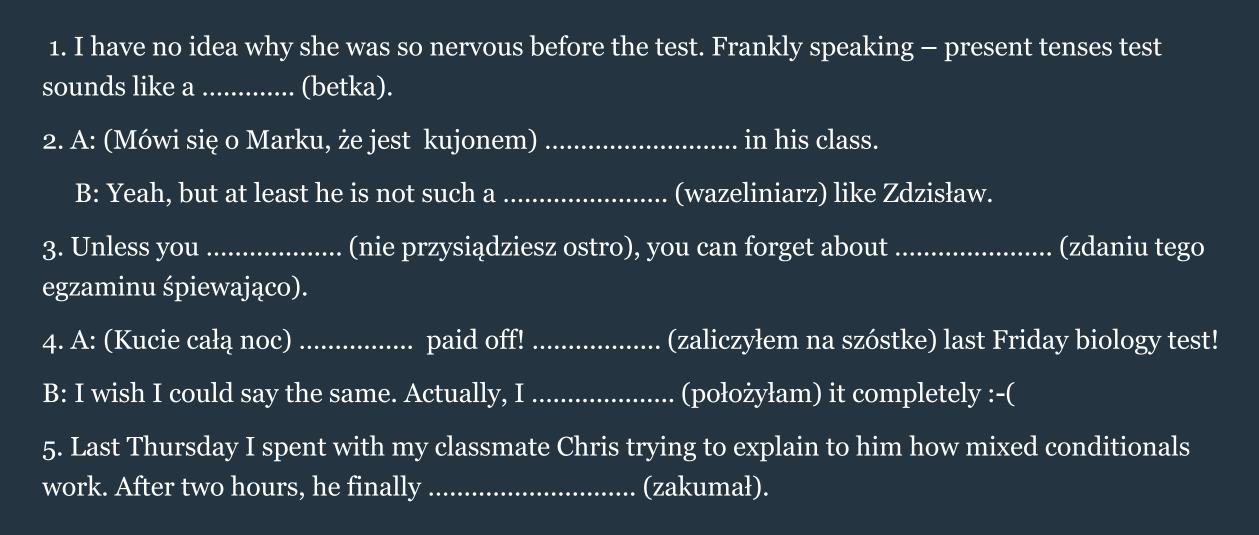
to work hard and diligently (on something); to put in a lot of time and effort (doing something)

STH RINGS A BELL

it is slightly familiar to you and you know you have heard it before, but you do not remember it fully



TRANSLATIONS



TRANSLATIONS

6.	(Żałuje, że poszłam na wagary) last Thursday. Now I have to take five tests within 4 fou		
	days!		
7.	Not only is she (dobra z nauk ścisłych) but also she is known to be a		
	(molem książkowym), which impresses her literature teacher.		
8.	Last week a few my classmates (uciekło z lekcji polskiego), which made a		
	substitute teacher mad and now my (wychowawca) does accept no excuses for		
	their absence.		
9. You look dreadful this morning. What's happened?			
	Nothing in particular. In a nutshell , (po prostu siedziałem nad książkami do później ocy i wcześnie rano wstałem).		
 10	One more action like that and(wvwalamy cie ze szkoły).		

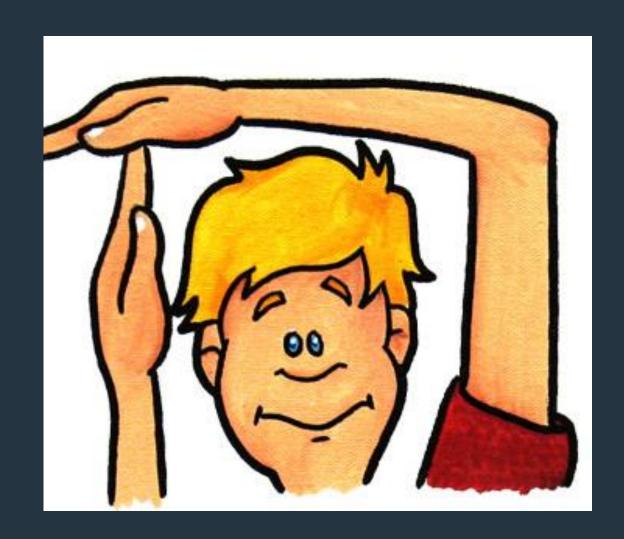
REWARDING CHILDREN - WORD FORMATION

Rewarding children

Giving children m	noney is a common form of (MOT I	IVATE) used by parents
with high	(EXPECT) to make their children work harde	er for exams. Some
youngsters receive _	(PAY) as high as €100 for each A	grade they get at their
final exams. But shou	uld such rewards be based on exam	(PERFORM), or
should they, as many	parents and teachers feel, be offered in	(RECOGNIZE)
of a child's efforts,	(REGARD) of the results?	

REWARDING CHILDREN - WORD FORMATION

The latter approach v	would solve the proble	m of how parents	reward their childr	er		
with different levels of _	(ABLE). Im	agine, for examp	ole , a family with o	ne		
child who is	(ACADEMIC	c) gifted and	another who h	as		
learning (I	DIFFICULT). The dan	gers of result-rela	ated rewards for t	he		
second child are clear;	with little chance of ob	aining higher grad	des, the withholding	0		
promised	(FINANCE) rewards v	vould only	(STRONG) t	he		
child's feeling of	(FAIL).					
However, some leading	g educational	_ (PSYCHOLOG	Y) believe that			
parents should rely on their	r own (JUD	GE) in such matte	rs. They say that if			
parents feel that money will motivate their child, then they should not be condemned for						
operating a system of cash	payouts.					



IT'S HIGH TIME WE TOOK A BREAK :-)